

Y5/6 Our theme is, 'The Anglo-Saxons and Vikings'

British values from the national curriculum:

Democracy.
The rule of law.
Individual liberty.
Mutual respect.
Tolerance of those of different faiths and beliefs.



Anglo-Saxon Britain had many laws and punishments, many of which we would find unusual, odd or cruel!



Anglo-Saxon and Viking History facts:

The Anglo-Saxons arrived in large numbers in Britain around 500 CE (AD). They took over once the Romans had left but some of them were actually invited!



The Vikings first began to arrive in Britain around 800 CE (AD). They began by making small raids but eventually ended up settling permanently



The Anglo-Saxons attempted many strategies to fight off the Vikings, including paying them to leave the country!



The Anglo-Saxons arrived from a number of places in Northern Europe but mostly came from Germany and Denmark.



In 1066, Britain was invaded by William the Conqueror from France who took over the country from the Anglo-Saxons and the Vikings.



The Anglo-Saxons were originally pagans. They later converted to Christianity.



Key Vocabulary

Anglo-Saxons: the name given to the group of people who arrived in Britain around 500 CE (AD).

Invalidate: to enter an area using force or violence to try and take it over.

Migrate: to move to another place to make it your home.



Conquer: to take control of an area and become its main ruler or leader.

Raid: a quick attack used to steal valuable goods from an enemy.

Pagan: a set of religious beliefs with many gods that focuses on the natural world.

Vikings: the name given to the Scandinavian people who arrived in Britain around 800 CE (AD)

Settlement: a place that is lived in by a group of people

